NACE® | NON-INVASIVE ANALYSIS FOR CHROMOSOMAL EXAMINATION

igenomix PIONEERS IN REPRODUCTIVE GENETICS

TEST RESULTS
Non Invasive Prenatal Screening for Aneuploidies (21, 18, 13)

Patient name:		**Report Date:**	
DOB:		**Date of Draw:**	
Medical Record:		**Gestational Age:**	
Referral Dr.:		**Reference ID:**	
Indication:	-		
Result:	**NORMAL**	**Type of Pregnancy:**	

ANEUPLODIES RESULTS*:

Type of Abnormality	Result	Clinical Interpretation
Aneuploidy 21	Not detected	Two copies
Aneuploidy 18	Not detected	Two copies
Aneuploidy 13	Not detected	Two copies
Aneuploidies sex chromosomes	Not detected	Two copies

* Sexing status of the analyzed sample is never revealed in the report neither in any other way to the couple or clinician

COMMENTS:

These results correspond to a high precision genetic screening test, with high specificity and sensitivity. Nevertheless, a normal result should be in line with clinical correlation based on ultrasound findings and other analytical screening.

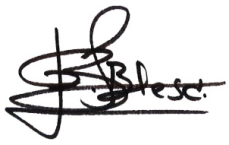
LIMITATIONS:

This test has been designed and validated to detect aneuploidies for chromosomes 21, 18, 13, X and Y. The test has been validated for singleton and twin pregnancies with gestational age of at least 10 weeks as estimated by last menstrual period. These results do not eliminate the possibility that this pregnancy may be associated with other chromosomal or subchromosomal abnormalities, birth defects, and other conditions. This test is not intended to identify pregnancies at risk for open neural tube defects. A negative test result does not preclude the absence of chromosomal abnormalities such as trisomy 21, trisomy 18, trisomy 13, monosomy X, XXX, XXY, and XYY. When an aneuploidy is detected in a twin pregnancy, the genetic status of each individual fetus cannot be determined. Although the presence or absence of Y chromosome material can be reported in a twin pregnancy, the occurrence of sex chromosome aneuploidies such as MX, XXX, XXY, and XYY cannot be evaluated in twin pregnancies.There is a small possibility that the test results might not reflect the chromosomes of the fetus, but may reflect chromosomal changes of the placenta (confined placental mosaicism) or of the mother (chromosomal mosaicism).Please note that Lab doesn't process samples having fetal fraction <3.2%.

Exemption clause of diagnostic liability

The genetic diagnosis services carried out by IGENOMIX, SL are exclusively intended to qualified health professionals. The result obtained by this test and the information that could be derived from it, cannot be considered in any case as substitute of genetic counseling or medical treatment by a trained professional neither represent itself a medical enquiry.
Any result should be interpreted in the context of all available clinical findings, within the general context of a medical enquiry, which must be conducted b genetic diagnosis and / or clinical trained professionals. IGENOMIX SL is not responsible for the use made by the contracting party of their services, neither the obtained results by means of their study analysis, nor the harmful temporary consequences diverted by its use, making specific discretion of taking appropriate legal measures assuming an improper use of those mentioned studies and analysis.

Carmen Rubio Lluesa, PhD
09726-V
Laboratory Director
PGD Molecular Cytogenetics



David Blesa Jarque,
02716-CV
Laboratory Director
Product Development